

# Tension between the power spectrum of density perturbation measured on large and small scales.

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in collaboration with Adam Moss<sup>1</sup> and Richard Battye<sup>2</sup>  
arxiv:1411.2641

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# Content

Parameterisation of  $\Lambda$ CDM

Data Sets

Tension

Neutrinos

Other Models

# Section 1

## Parameterisation of $\Lambda$ CDM

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## Successes

- ▶ Baryonic Acoustic Oscillations
- ▶ Polarisation of CMB
- ▶ Weak Gravitational Lensing

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## Parameterisation

$$\mathbf{p} = \{\Omega_b h^2, \Omega_c h^2, \Theta_{MC}, A_S, n_S\}$$

## Section 2

### Data Sets

# CMB and LSS data sets

## CMB

- ▶ *Planck* with WMAP Polarisation data
- ▶ WMAP with high- $\ell$  data from SPT and ACT
- ▶ Combined with BAO data from BOSS DR9, 6dF and SDSS DR7



# CMB and LSS data sets

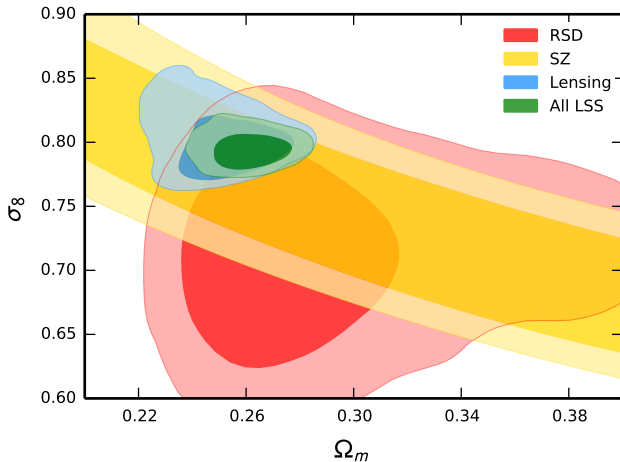
## CMB

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## LSS

- ▶ SZ Cluster Counts (Marginalised  $1-b=[0.7,1.0]$ )
- ▶ Weak Lensing from CFHTLenS, *Planck* and SPT
- ▶ RSD from BOSS DR11

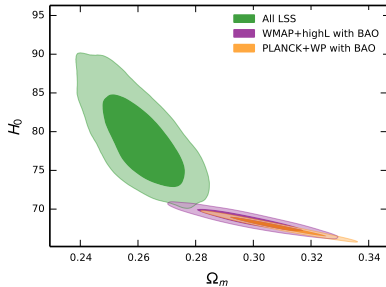
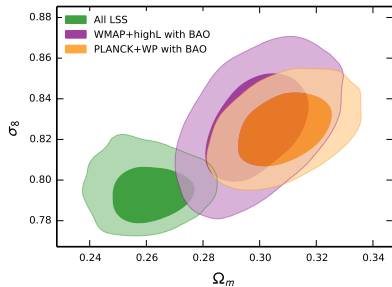
# Constrained LSS results



## Section 3

### Tension

# Tension between large and small scale



# Total amount of tension

## Parameter Likelihoods

- ▶ Marginalised likelihoods,  $P(\mathbf{p}|d, M)$
- ▶ Integrate to find mean,  $\mu_{\mathbf{p},d}$  and covariance matrix,  $\Sigma_d$
- ▶ Difference in the means,  $\delta\mu = \mu_{\mathbf{p},\text{CMB}} - \mu_{\mathbf{p},\text{LSS}}$
- ▶ Multivariate gaussian distribution
- ▶ Evaluate at  $\delta\mu = 0$

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## Tension

- ▶ Exceeds  $5\sigma$

# Section 4

## Neutrinos

# Neutrinos

## Active Neutrinos

- ▶ Additional parameter,  $\sum m_\nu$
- ▶ Assumed mass eigenstate degeneracy

$$m_1 = m_2 = m_3 = \sum m_\nu / 3$$

- ▶ Closer last-scattering, anisotropies at larger scales



# Neutrinos

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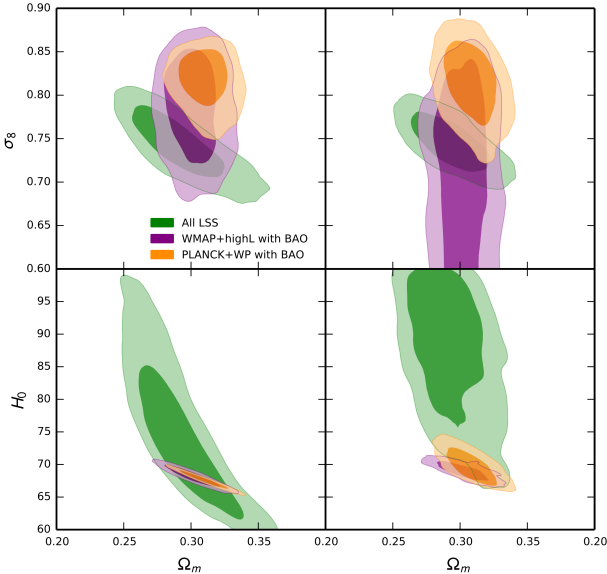
$$m_1 = m_2 = m_3 = \sum m_\nu / 3$$

- ▶ Closer last-scattering, anisotropies at larger scales

## Sterile Neutrinos

- ▶ Two additional parameters,  $m_{\text{sterile}}^{\text{eff}}$  and  $N_{\text{eff}} = 3.046 + \Delta N_{\text{eff}}$
- ▶ True mass depends on model
- ▶ Well motivated by short-baseline experiments

# Reduction of tension



# Neutrino Likelihoods

## Active Neutrinos

- ▶  $\sum m_\nu = 0.357 \pm 0.099\text{eV}$
- ▶ Tension in  $\Lambda\text{CDM}$  parameters  $\sim 2.6\sigma$
- ▶  $\Delta\chi^2$  greatly reduced
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## Sterile Neutrinos

- ▶  $m_{\text{sterile}}^{\text{eff}} = 0.66 \pm 0.18\text{eV}$  and  $\Delta N_{\text{eff}} = 0.32 \pm 0.21$
- ▶ Tension in  $\Lambda\text{CDM}$  parameters  $\sim 2.2\sigma$
- ▶  $\Delta\chi^2$  greatly reduced
- ▶  $\Delta\chi^2$  for CMB data worsened

## Section 5

### Other Models

# Ignoring WMAP Polarisation

## Measuring $\sigma_8$

- ▶  $A_S e^{-2\tau_R}$  constrained by CMB anisotropies
- ▶  $\sigma_8 \propto \sqrt{A_S}$  so  $\sigma_8 \propto e^{\tau_R}$

# Ignoring WMAP Polarisation

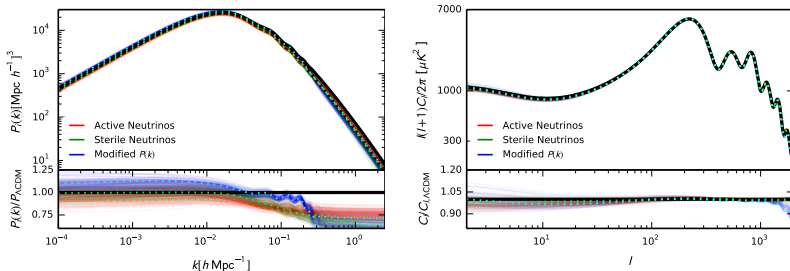
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## Measuring $z_{\text{rei}}$

- ▶  $z_{\text{rei}} \sim 11.13 \pm 1.08$  inferred from polarisation measurements
- ▶  $z_{\text{rei}} \sim 6.91 \pm 2.20$  when ignoring polarisation measurements
- ▶ Astrophysical phenomena prefer low  $\tau_R$

# Modified Primordial Power Spectrum

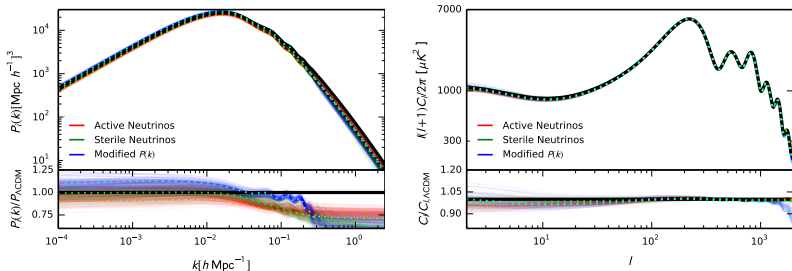


$$P(k) = \left[ 1 - \frac{\alpha}{2} \left( 1 + \tanh \left( \frac{\log \beta k}{\log \delta} \right) \right) \right] P_{\Lambda\text{CDM}}(k)$$

- $\alpha = 0.32 \pm 0.11$ ,  $\beta = 5.96 \pm 0.70 \text{Mpc}$  and  $\delta = 1.24 \pm 0.11$   
 ( $\alpha = 0.07 \pm 0.05$ )



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- ▶ Fits incomplete 4K line removal

# Summary

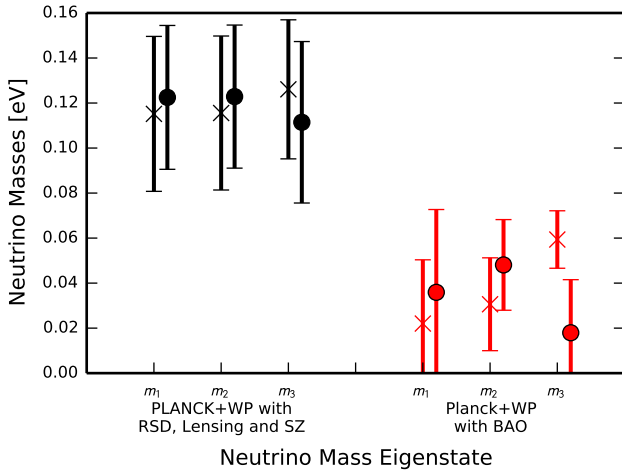
Parameterisation of  $\Lambda$ CDM

Data Sets

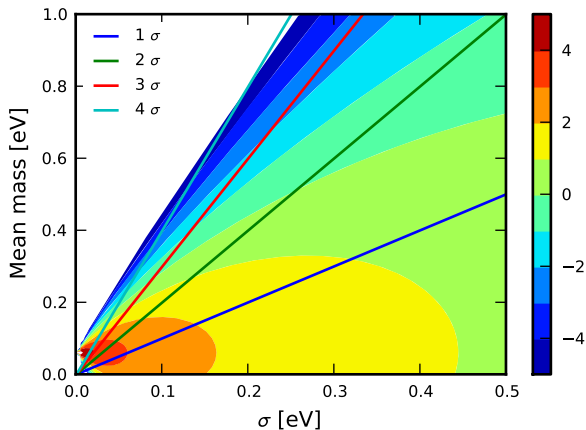
Tension

Neutrinos

Other Models



# Bayesian Statistics



## Evidence

- ▶  $\Theta = E_2/E_1$
- ▶  $\log(\Theta_{\text{Active}}) = -1.8$  and  $\log(\Theta_{\text{Sterile}}) = -2.67$